

# Ancestor-to-Creole Transfer is not a Walk in the Park

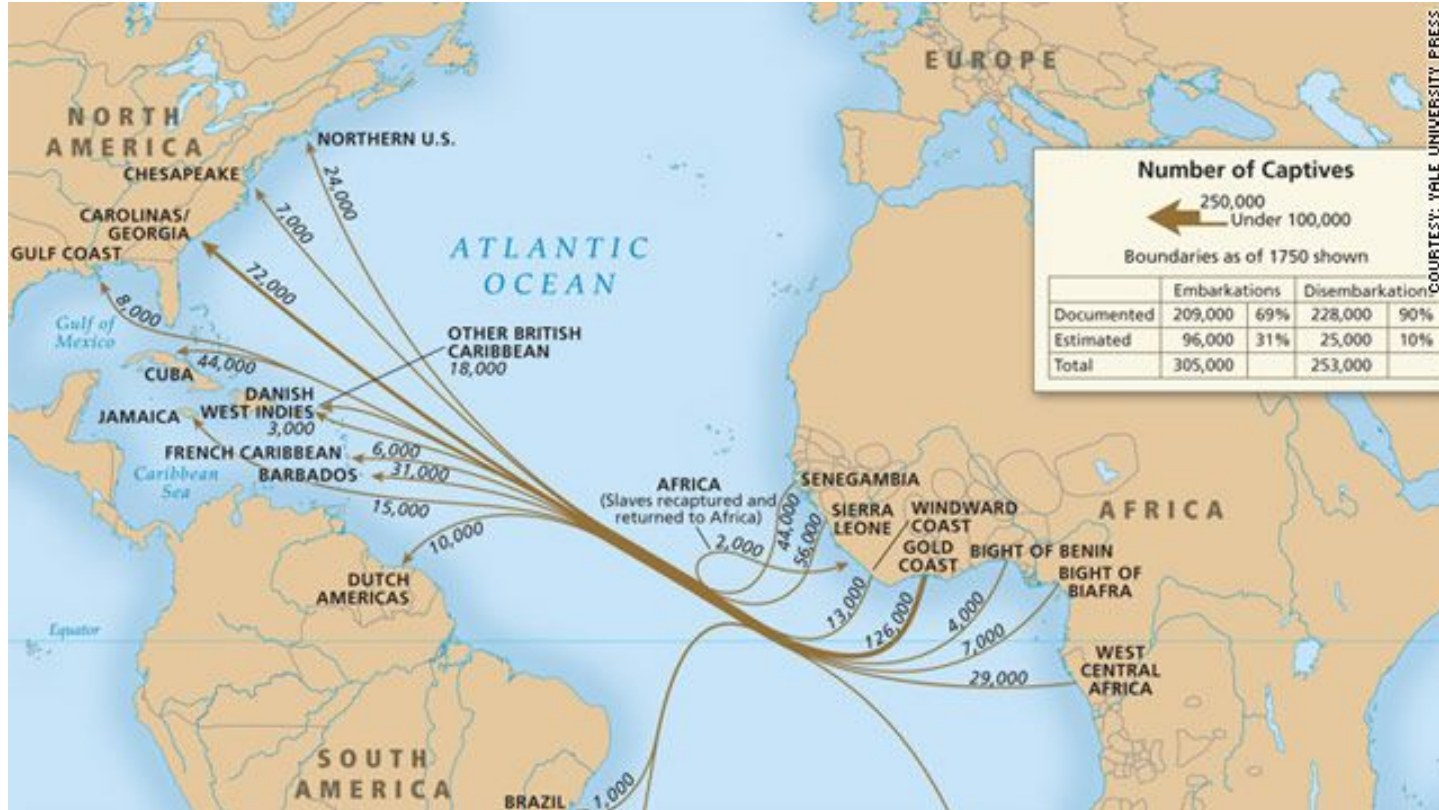
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UNIVERSITY OF  
COPENHAGEN



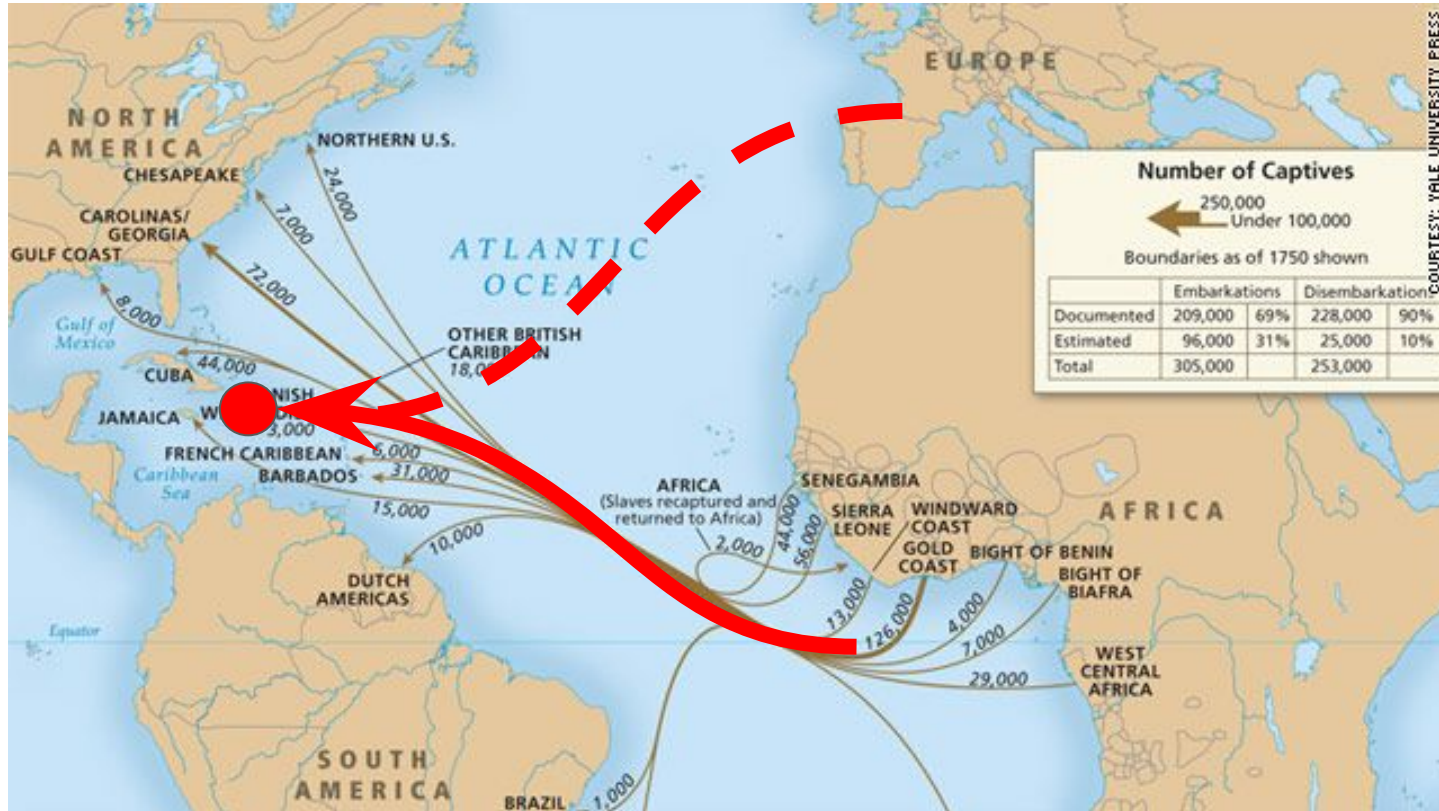
# What is a Creole language?

- Many Creoles share a common, and tragic, history ...



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North-Germanic

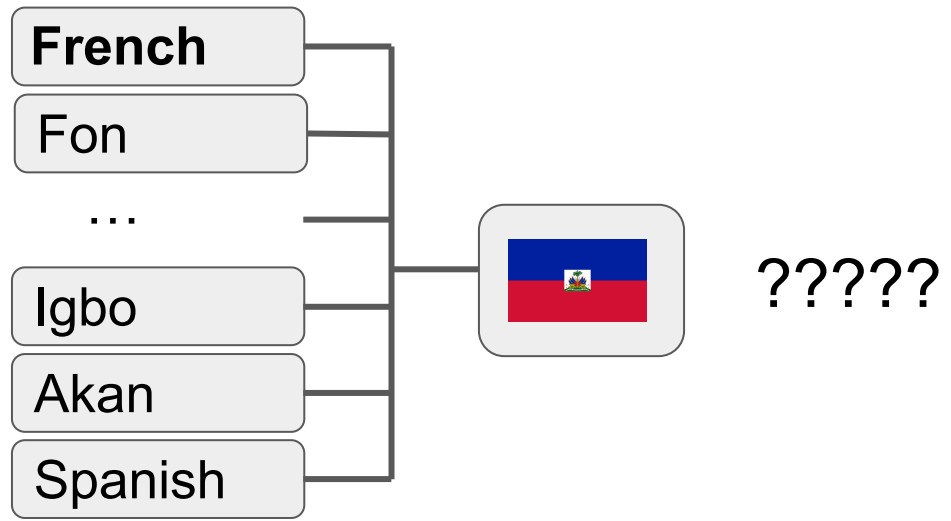
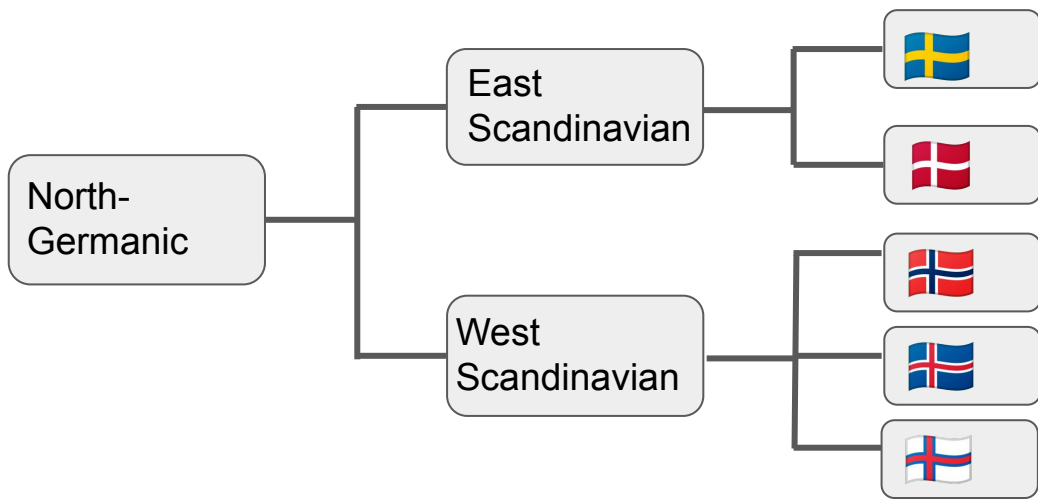
East  
Scandinavian



West  
Scandinavian



# Non-Creole Phylogeny



# R1: Ancestry Transfer Hypothesis

Can we transfer from Ancestor languages to Creoles, similar to how we can facilitate languages between related languages?

# Data

- Creoles are low-resource languages
- Bible Corpus (Mayer & Cysouw, 2014)
- Training data:

Type	Target	Training Langs	Train Size (#Sents)
Creole	acf	fra, hau, yor, ibo	38,140
	hat	fra, fon, ibo, spa	31,669
	jam	eng, hau, spa, ibo	44,545
	pcm	eng, hau, yor, por	35,189
Non-Creole	dan	nno, isl, swe, deu	39,354
	spa	fra, por, ita, rom	30,870



- Dev of 500 verses

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Control	-	afr, chr, hun, quy	37,398



- Dev of 500 verses



# Methods

- A tiny BERT for tiny data (Duffer & Schütz, 2020)
  - 1 Attention head (K et al. 2020)
  - Smaller transformers for smaller datasets (Susanto et al., 2019)
- BERT Word Piece Tokenizer
  - 10,2480 tokens
  - We also experimented with:
    - Size={1024, 2048}
    - Segmentation={grapheme-to-phoneme, BPE}
- A note on segmentation ...

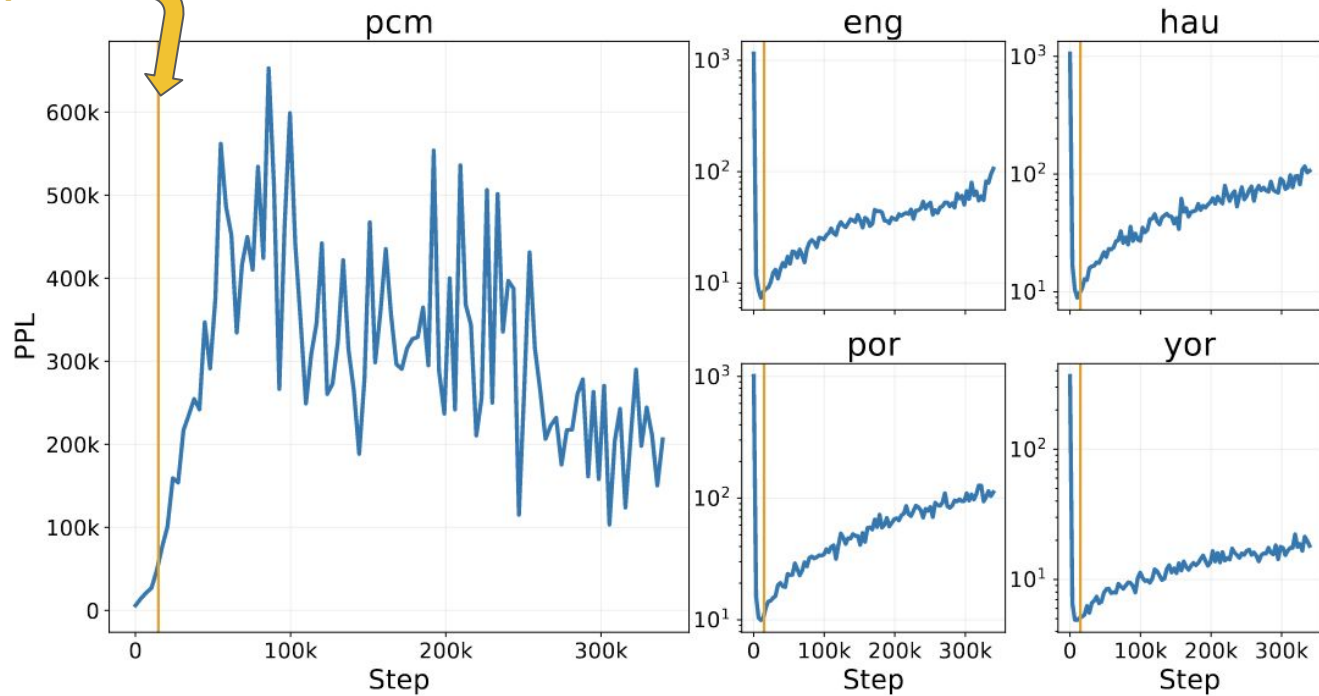


# Methods

- When we train for 100 epochs ...
- R1 not easily validated
- What about training for long? Can we benefit from
- Talk about PPL as a measurement

# Results: Training for long

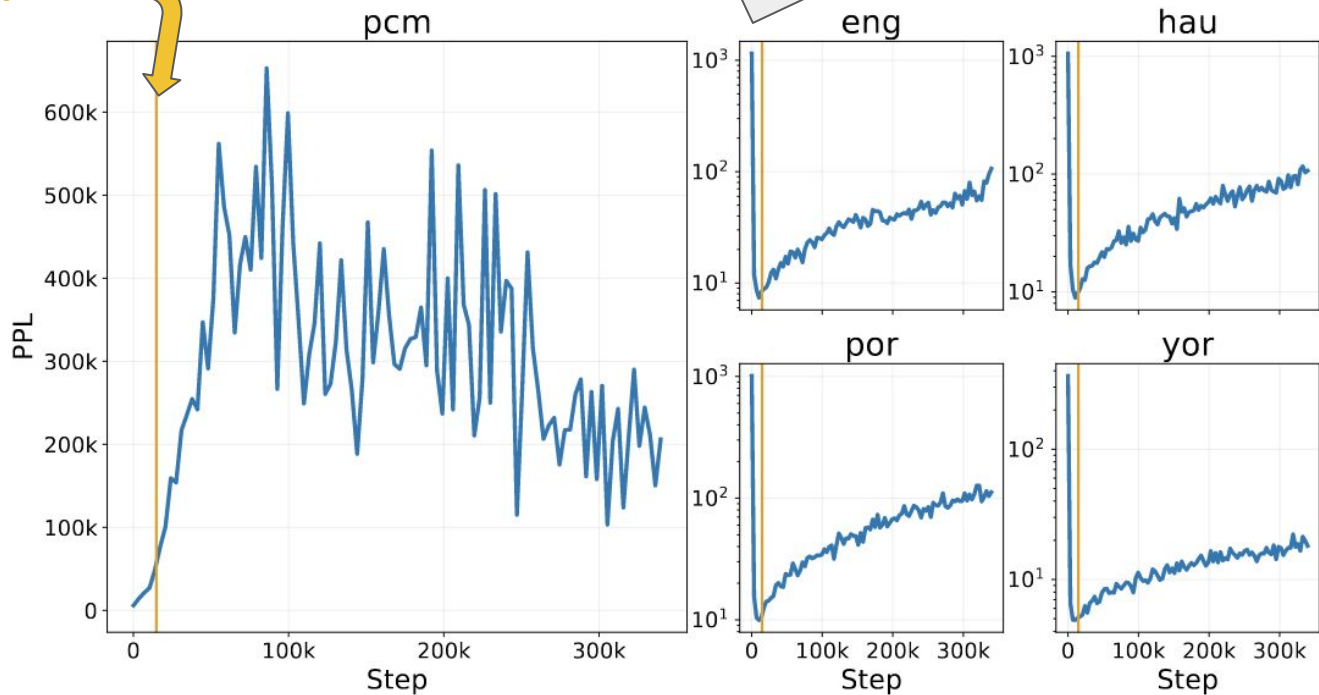
100 epochs



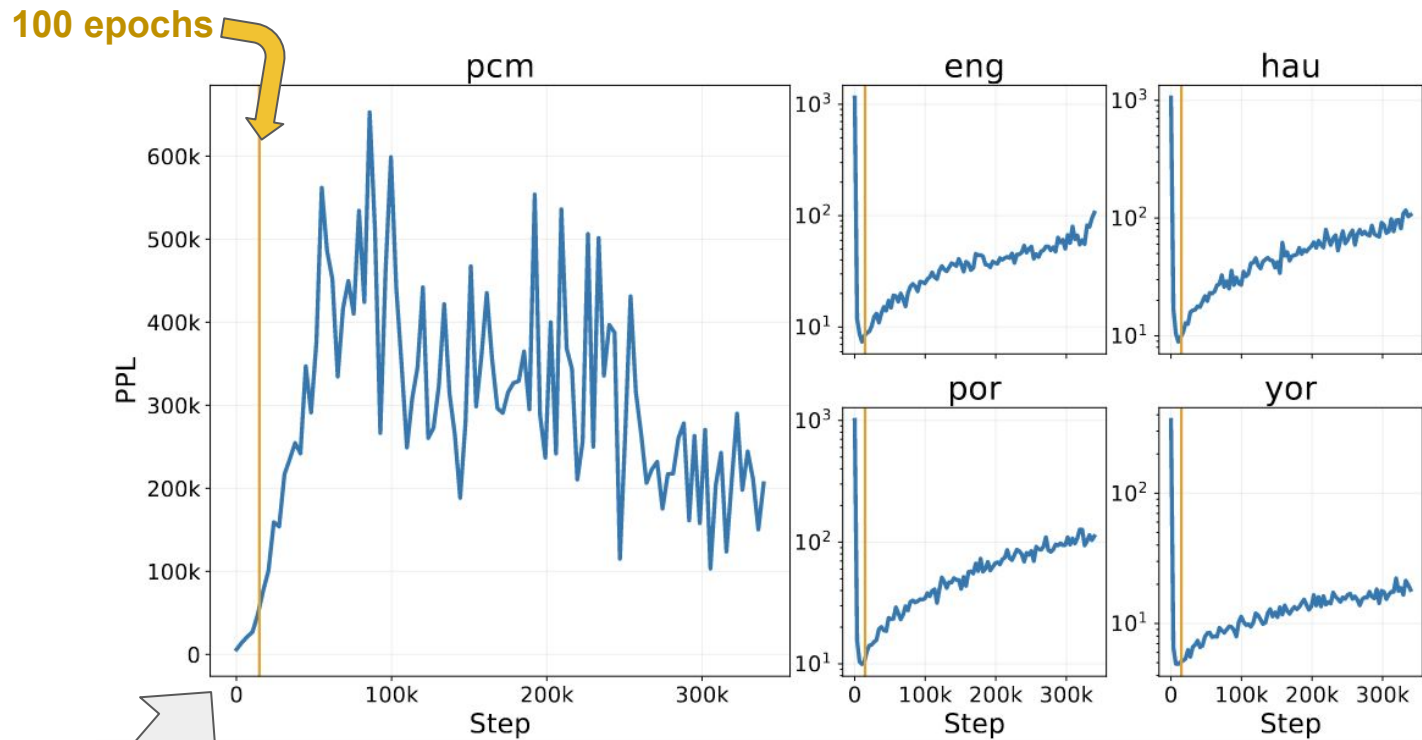
# Results: Training for long

Model learns src langs in 100 epochs

100 epochs



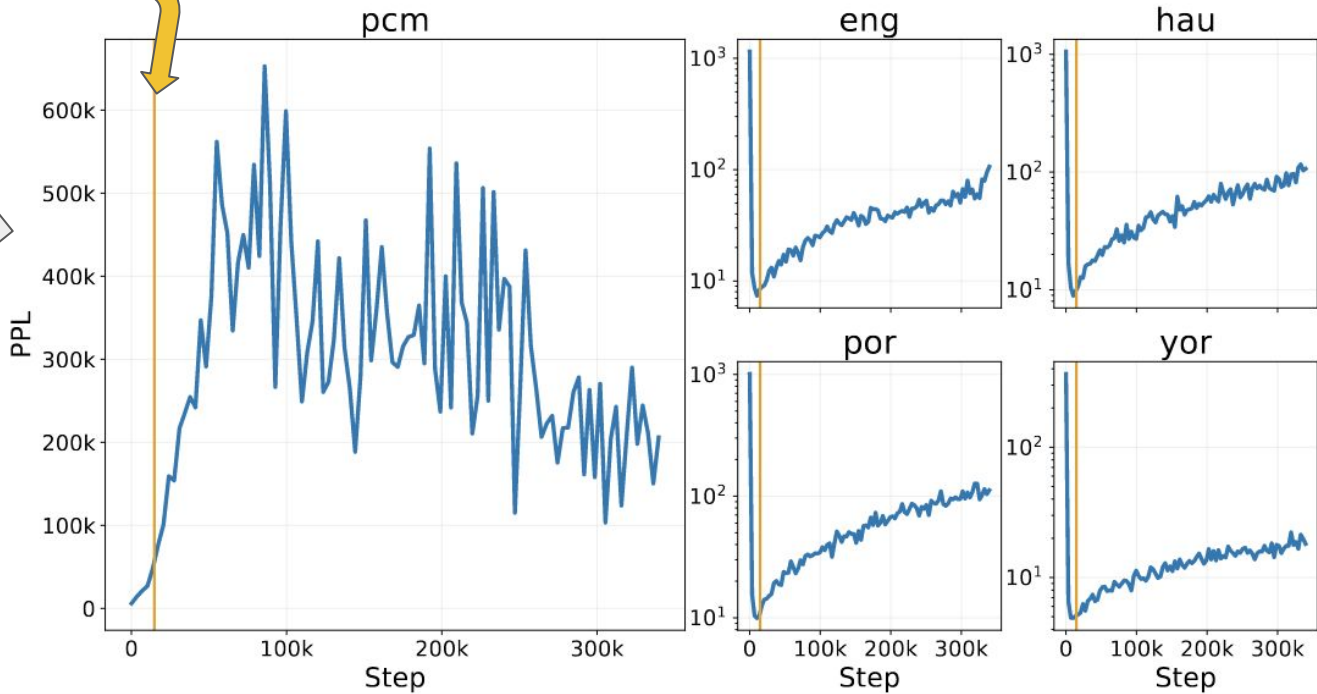
# Results: Training for long



Model unable to transfer to Creole in 100 epochs

# Results: Training for long

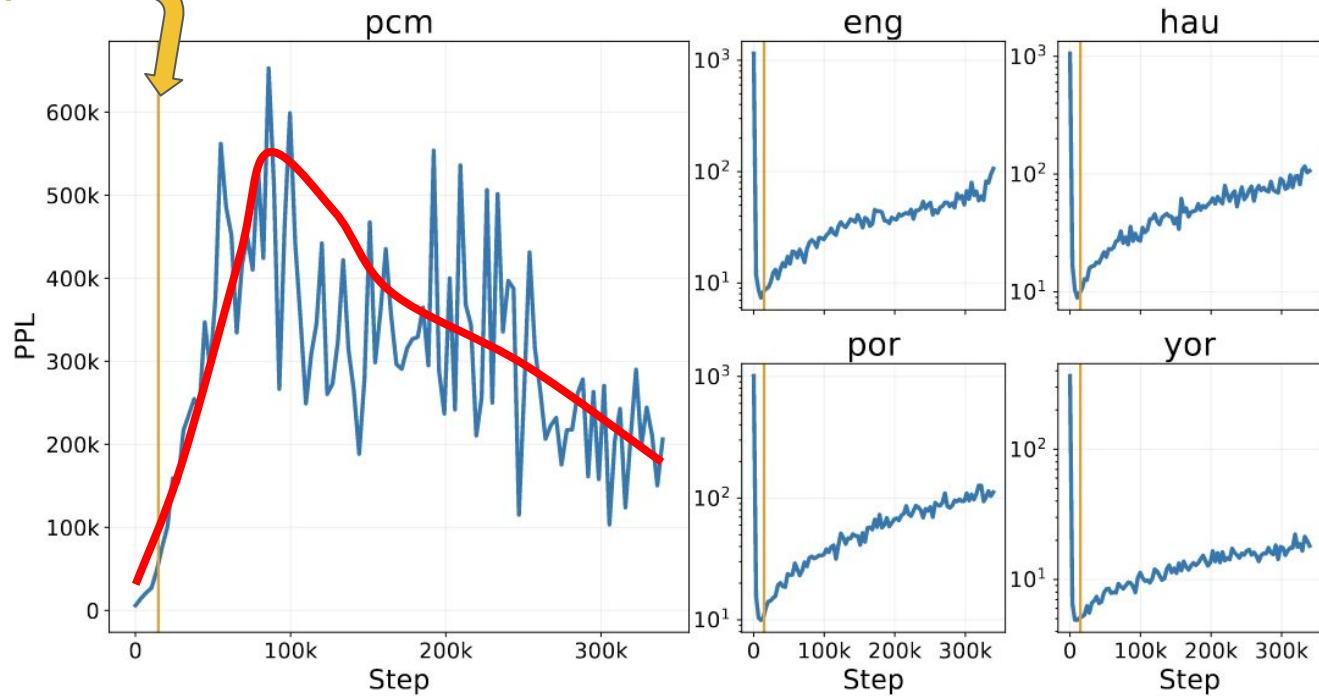
100 epochs



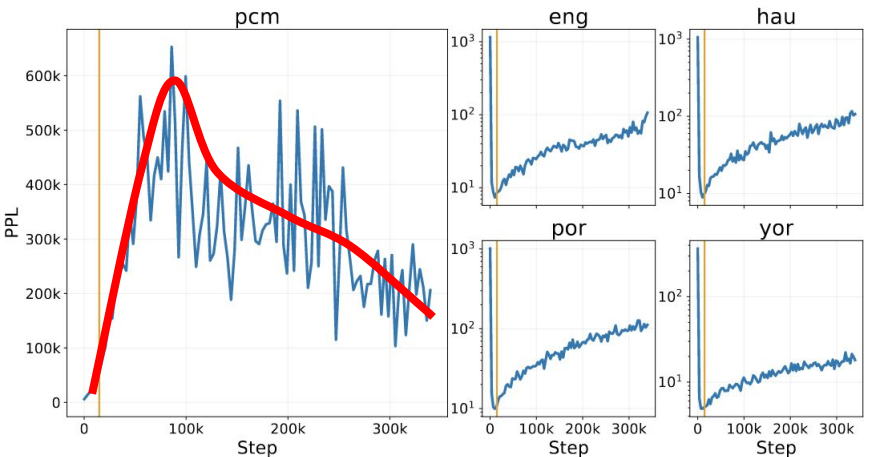
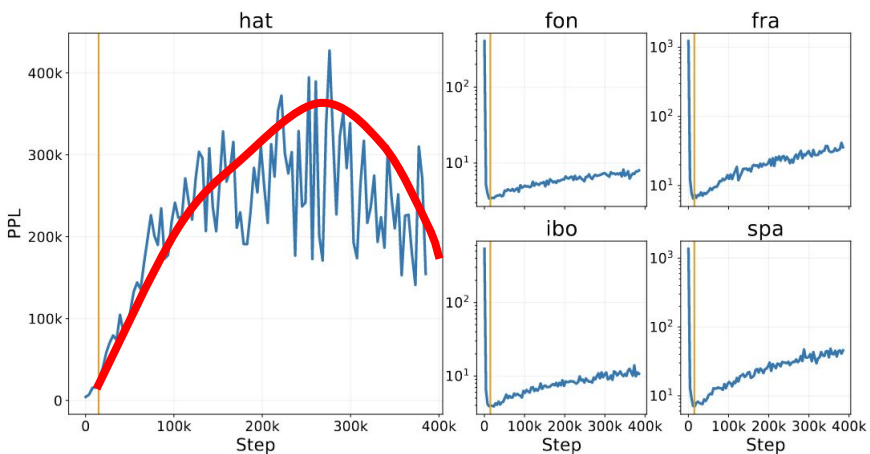
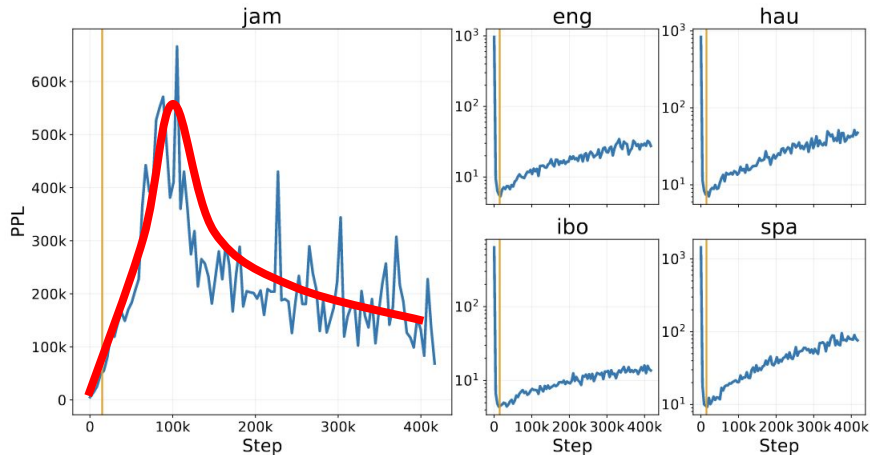
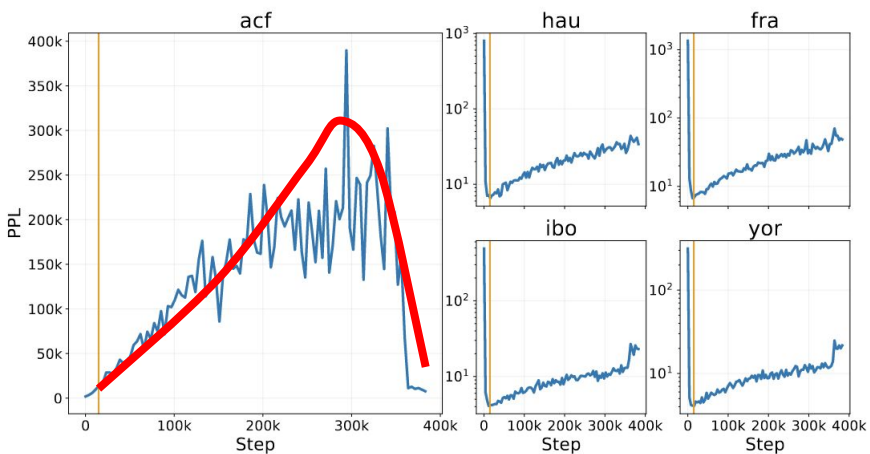
Overfitting  
on  
Ancestor  
data leads  
to very  
high  
perplexity

# Results: Training for long

100 epochs

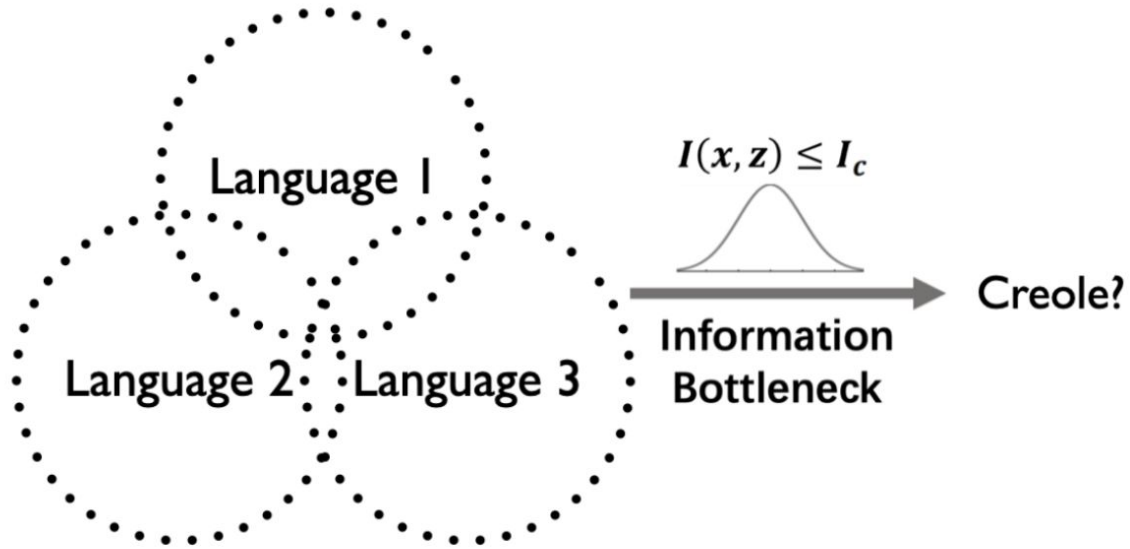


# Results across Creoles





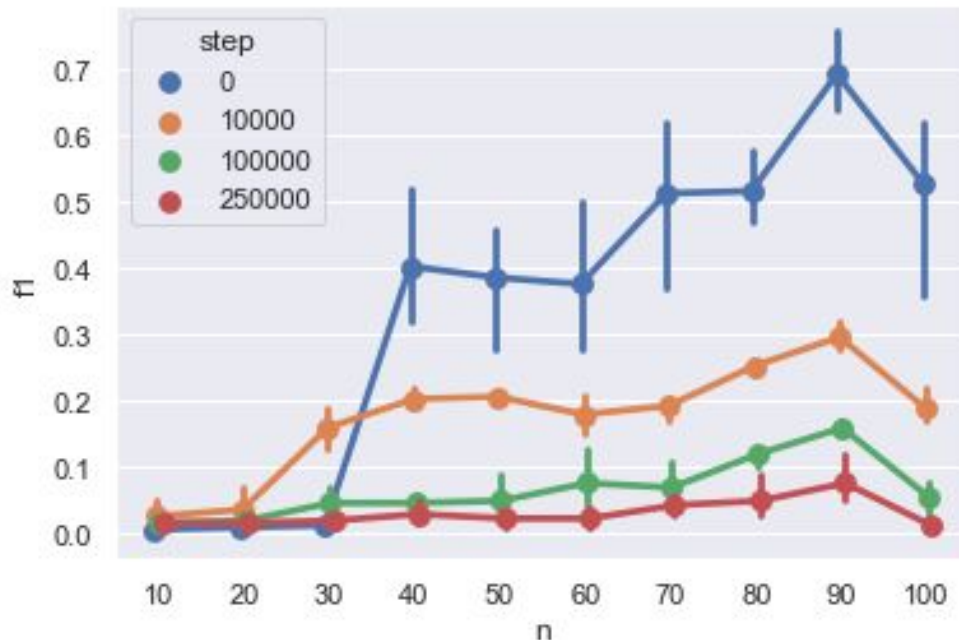
# R2: Ancestry Bottleneck Hypothesis



Could this  
compression be  
useful?

# No, the compression is not useful.

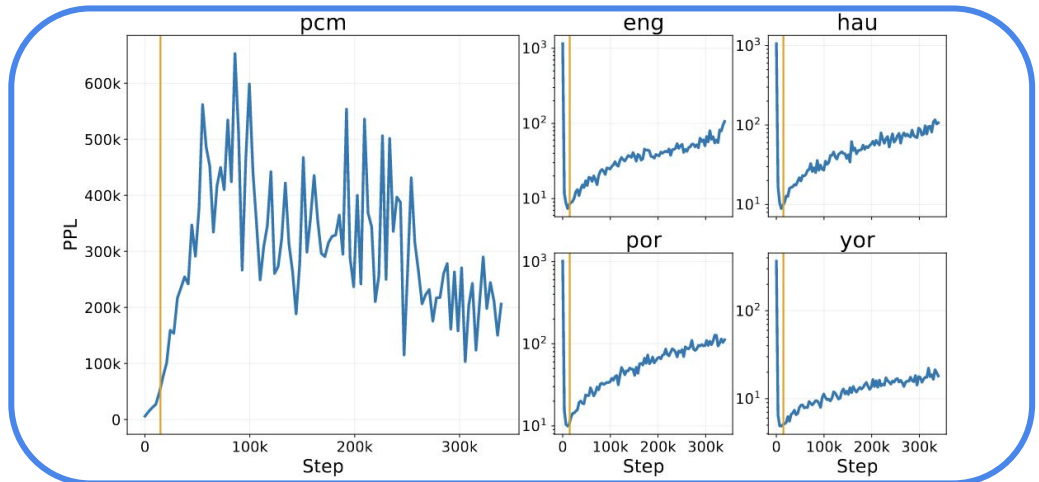
- For downstream tasks [NER on pcm], the “compression”/drop is not helpful. Late stage checkpoints didn't perform better than earlier stage ones.
- And it didn't perform better than pre-trained MBERT (step 0).
- Continued few-shot learning for LM's yields a similar picture



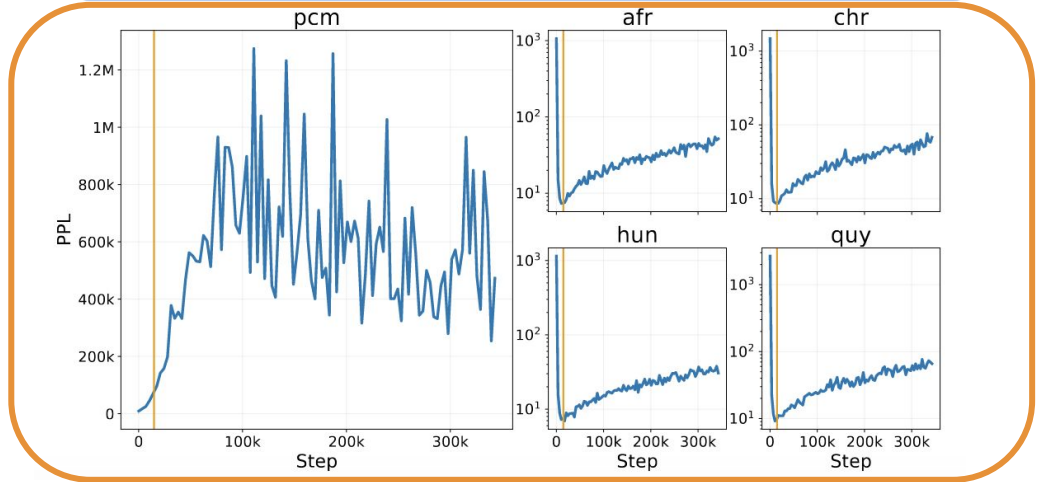
But why might we  
observe this  
compression at all?

# Creole Similarity: Training on Ancestor vs Random

**Target:**  
Nigerian  
Pidgin  
English  
(pcm)

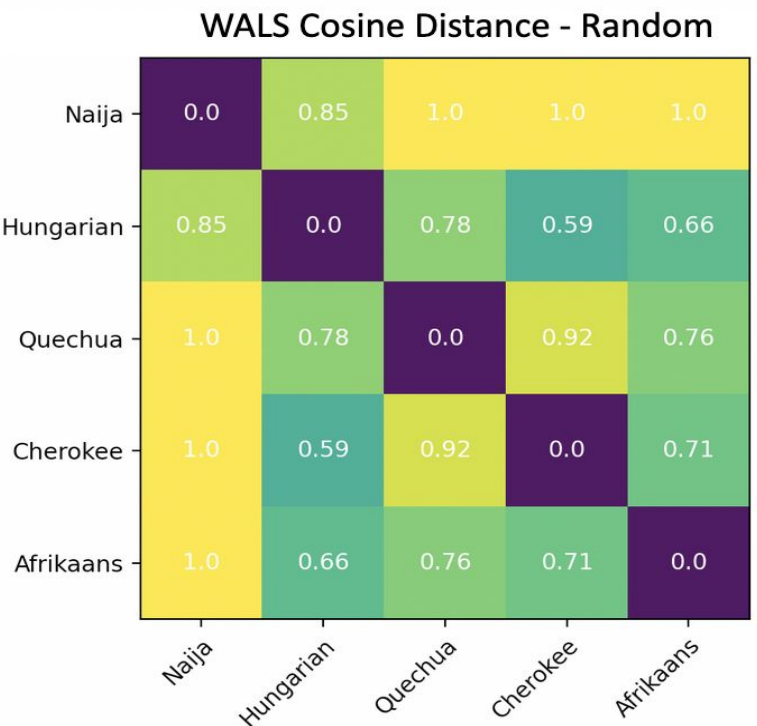
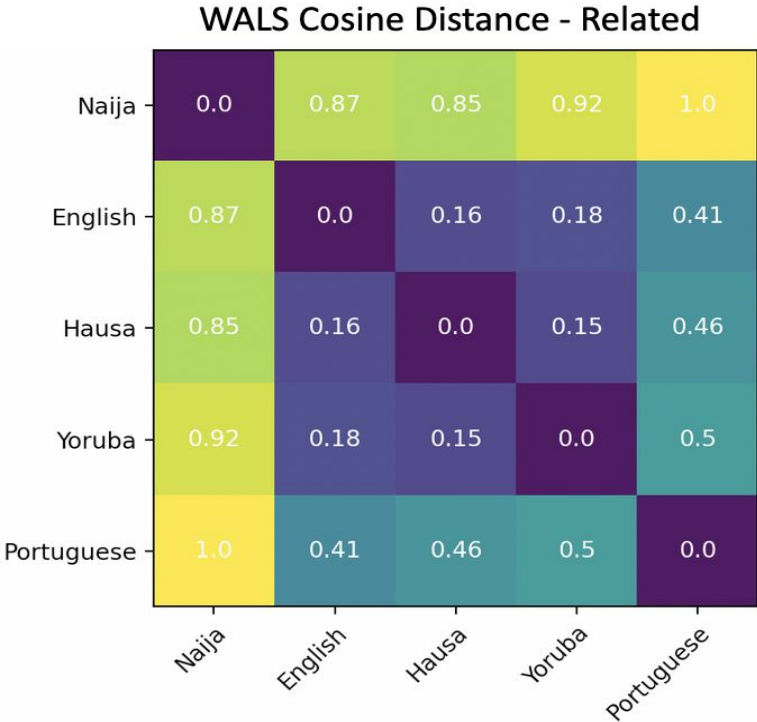


**Source:**  
English, Hausa,  
Portuguese, Yoruba



**Source:**  
Afrikaans, Cherokee,  
Hungarian, Quechua

# Creole Similarity



**[!!!!] Caveat! WALS is probably a poor resource for this!!!**

# Take-Away Points

- 1) Typical cross-lingual transfer methods **do not facilitate transfer** from ancestor languages to Creoles.
- 2) Creoles can be useful for investigating cross-lingual transfer (e.g. segmentation)

